

MASTER OF LAWS		
Semester – 1		
PAPER NO.	SUBJECT NAME	CONTENTS OF SYLLABUS
Paper – I	Constitutional Law – I	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Preamble - Importance and amenability</li> <li>Fundamental Rights - Concept - Nature - Necessity and justification - Fundamental Rights under Indian Constitution</li> <li>Definition of State - Other authorities - Application of ejusdem generis- instrumentality of Govt - Pvt. Corporations - Is Judiciary a State ?</li> <li>Enforceability of Fundamental Rights - Judicial Review – Distinctions between pre and post Constitutional laws - Doctrine of eclipse - Doctrine of Severability - Doctrine of waiver</li> <li>Test for infringement of Fundamental Rights - Definition of Law - Amendment of law? Concept of Basic Structure - From Sankariprasad to Raman Rao</li> <li>Right to equality - Equality before law and equal protection of laws - Reasonable classification - Absence of arbitrariness - From Ramakrishna Dalmia to Maneka Gandhi and thereafter - Prohibition against discrimination - Equality of opportunity in Public employment - Concept of protective discrimination - From Champakam Dorairajan to Indra Sawhney and thereafter - Prohibition of untouchability - Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1995.</li> <li>Freedom of the Person - Right of the accused - ex post facto laws - Double jeopardy -right against self incrimination - right to life and liberty - scope and contents - from A K Gopalan to Maneka Gandhi - Impact of Maneka Gandhi's case on prisoners' right, criminal justice, Death sentence, Environmental protection, Right to Education, Right to health and Emerging trends in Compensatory jurisprudence - protection against arrest and detention - Constitutional validity of Preventive Detention Laws in India - Judicial review of preventive detention laws.</li> <li>Right against exploitation - trafficking in human beings - forced labour - child Employment from Peoples' Union for Democratic Rights to MC Mehta.</li> <li>Freedom of Religion - Concept of Religion - Freedom of Conscience and right to profess, practice and propagate religion - freedom to manage religious affairs - freedom from payment of tax for promotion of religion - restriction on religious instructions in certain educational institutions - Right of Minorities - Right to conserve language, script of culture Admission to educational institutions - Minorities right to establish educational Institutions -From in Re Kerala Education Bill to T M A Pai Foundation and trends thereafter.</li> <li>Right to Property - Constitutional policy before and after the Forty fourth Amendment 2. Right to Constitutional Remedies - Features of Writ Jurisdiction under Art. 32 Concept of locus standi - Dynamic approach of Supreme Court on Public Interest Litigation -Judicial Activism - Comparison between Art. 32 and 226.</li> <li>Restriction, Abrogation and Suspension of Fundamental Rights - Articles 32 (4), 33 and 34 -suspension of Fundamental Rights during Emergency Art. 19 and the Power of President to suspend the enforcement of rights conferred under Part - III - Relevance of 42nd and 44th Constitutional Amendment Acts.</li> <li>Directive Principles of State Policy - Nature, content and justiciability - Inter relationship between Fundamental Rights and DPSP - From Champakam Dorirajan to Mohini Jain and thereafter - Transition of DPSP into Fundamental rights by judicial interpretation Fundamental Rights and Fundamental duties</li> </ol>
Paper – II	Legal theory – I	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Nature of Jurisprudence</li> <li>Meaning of Law</li> <li>Natural Law Theories</li> <li>Classical Positivism - Austin - Bentham - L A Hart</li> <li>Pure Theory of Law</li> <li>Analytical School of Law</li> <li>Sociological School of Law</li> <li>American Realism</li> <li>Scandinavian Realism</li> <li>Historical and Anthropological Jurisprudence - Savigny - Maine - Grotius - Kent - Marxist Theories of Law and State</li> <li>Feminist Jurisprudence</li> <li>Postmodernist Jurisprudence</li> </ol>
Paper – III	Research Methodology	<p>Social Science Research Methods</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Concept of Reflective thinking: Scientific method and Research</li> <li>Research problem - Origin, selection and definition</li> <li>Hypothesis - Problems of formulation, types and characteristics of usable hypothesis</li> <li>Basic methods of research - Experimental, Descriptive, historical and Sociological</li> <li>Technique of Research Observation, Questionnaire, interview survey and sampling</li> <li>Analysis of data [including basic principles of statistics]</li> <li>Report writing</li> <li>Internet material: Its use in research</li> </ol> <p>Aspects of Legal Research</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Current Trends in Legal</li> <li>Legal Research Technique</li> <li>Doctrinal and non-doctrinal, suggested Readings: Research and Ideas broad style and limited style etc.</li> </ol>

Semester – 2		
PAPER NO.	SUBJECT NAME	CONTENTS OF SYLLABUS
Paper – I	Constitutional Law – II	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Principles of Parliamentary and Presidential forms of Govt - Parliament in U K and Congress in USA</li> <li>Nature of the Executive power - Impeachment process - Mercy power - Ordinance making power</li> <li>Composition of Houses of legislature Disqualifications of members Legislative privileges Parliamentary procedures.</li> <li>Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court and High Courts - Judicial self-restraint and judicial Activism-Limits on Judicial review - Appointment of Judges - control of Subordinate judiciary</li> <li>Doctrine of Pleasure - Constitutional exceptions and judicial implications</li> <li>The concept of Federalism - Necessity and Justification of Federal Govt. - Features of Federalism</li> <li>Legislative relations under the Indian Constitution - Doctrines in legislative relations - Centre's control over State Legislatures</li> <li>Administrative Relations between Union and States, Federal features and credit clause - Centre State and inter-State conflict management</li> <li>Restrictions on the power of State Legislatures on fiscal powers - Residuary taxes - Distribution of revenues between the Centre and State - Doctrine of immunities of instrumentalities - Role of Finance Commission.</li> <li>Power of Judicial review Centre - State and Inter-State conflicts</li> <li>Freedom of trade and Commerce-Exceptions - Importance of Federal Structure</li> <li>Types of Emergencies and their impact on Federal structure.</li> </ol>
Paper – II	Legal Theory – II	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Introduction to Precedents</li> <li>Use of Precedent in U K, French and the American Legal System</li> <li>Hierarchy of Courts and the principles that govern the application of the doctrine or precedent among the different courts in India. Art. 141, 151, 145 of the Constitution</li> <li>Ratio Decidendi and Obiter dicta <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Definition</li> <li>Determination of Tests - Wambaugh's tests - Dr. Goodhart's test - Lord Halsbury's tests. Ratio decidendi as an indeterminate / illusory category: American Realist Julius Stone</li> <li>Weight and authority of precedent [overruling distinguishing] per in curium not followed.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Precedent and problems <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Certainty retroactivity and prospective overruling</li> <li>Judicial restraint v Judicial Activism</li> </ol> </li> <li>Plurality of opinions</li> <li>A case of single and anonymous opinion</li> <li>Precedent value of Advisory opinion</li> <li>Judicial reasoning</li> <li>Introductory, constitutional background, Nature of Legislative powers under the Indian Constitution as distinguished from U. K. and American legal systems.</li> <li>Forms of Legislation: Statutes, Ordinances: Delegated Legislation; forms, executive Statutory corporations and companies and association and their 'control mechanisms: critique of Ordinance making power under the Indian Constitution.</li> <li>Parliamentary practice and procedure relating to legislation [excluding parliamentary privileges and immunities]</li> <li>Approach to the Interpretation of statutes.</li> </ol>
Paper – III	PIL – Legal Aid and Para Legal Services	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Development of Advocacy – Profession in India</li> <li>Enrolment of Advocates</li> <li>Rights, Duties and Liabilities of Advocates</li> <li>Locus Standi and Public Interest Litigation</li> <li>Abuse or Demerits</li> <li>Importance of Public Interest Litigation in Judicial Activism and Public Welfare</li> <li>State – Meaning and Importance</li> <li>WRITS</li> <li>Counseling and Negotiation</li> <li>Law Office Management</li> <li>Legal Aid, LOK Adalat and Permanent LOK Adalat in India</li> <li>Administrative Tribunals in India</li> <li>BAR Councils</li> <li>Ombudsman (Lokpal) and Lokayukta</li> <li>Legal Literacy or Legal Education in India</li> </ol>

FROM III SEMESTER, EACH STUDENT HAS AN OPTION TO CHOOSE ANY SPECIALIZATION FROM GROUP-A OR GROUP-B OR GROUP-C OR GROUP-D		
SPECIALIZATION LABOUR LAW (GROUP - A)		
Semester – 3		
PAPER NO.	SUBJECT NAME	CONTENTS OF SYLLABUS
Paper – I	Law relating to Industrial Relation	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. History of Trade Union &amp; Trade Union Act, 1926 - Recognition of Trade Union - Affiliation of Unions to political parties - Multi-unionism - Policies towards workers, participation in management - role of State - Workers participation in Management - Liberalization and Industrial relation in India.</li> <li>2. Collective bargaining &amp; Process of Collective bargaining &amp; Perquisites for collective bargaining - strikes/lockouts [pen-down, tool down, go slow, work to rule, stay in, sit in, picketing] - Gherao - Law relating to collective bargaining.</li> <li>3. Freedom of Association - Constitutional and legal aspects</li> <li>4. Industrial Disputes Act - Layoff - retrenchment - compulsory retirement - Voluntary retirement - superannuation</li> <li>5. Industrial Dispute Resolutions - Methods - Conciliation Officer - Board of Conciliation - Legal status of Conciliation settlements - Voluntary Arbitration - Arbitration under the Industrial Disputes Act - Compulsory Adjudication - Power of reference - Reference by Government - Industrial Tribunals - National Tribunals - Status, powers, awards - Judicial review.</li> </ol>
Paper – II	Law relating to Labour Welfare	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Constitution and Labour Welfare —Right to work- Bonded Labour child labour —special provision for women and children- Law relating to protection of Women in work place International conventions.</li> <li>2. Minimum Wage- Types and kinds of wage Wage determination theories of wage Payment of Wages —Bonus Dearness allowance —basic wage Other wage [HRA, CCA, MA, LTC, Leave encashment, Overtime allowances, cash incentives, conveyance allowance] National Wage Policy Payment of Wages Act Denial of minimum wage as Forced Labour</li> <li>3. ILO standard for labour International Convention for Labour Welfare UDHR —ICCPR.</li> <li>4. Labour and Human Rights Equality of Opportunity in employment Equal Pay for Equal Work Equal Remuneration Act Maternity Benefit Shops and Establishment</li> <li>5. Unorganized Sector and labour laws Agricultural labourer [Concept, exploitation, tribal labour in forest settlements. Plantation Labour Act, political movement, agrarian reforms] - Migrants - Sale promotions - small- scale industries - Beedi and Cigar - Construction labour - Ship breaking - Cracker Industry - Employment Guarantee scheme.</li> </ol>
Semester – 4		
PAPER NO.	SUBJECT NAME	CONTENTS OF SYLLABUS
Paper – III	Law relating to Industrial Injuries and Social Security	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Workmen's Compensation From Compensation to Insurance Judicial Interpretation of the express 'arising out of and in the course of employment' Employee State Insurance Act 1948</li> <li>2. Fatal Accidents Act, 1857 Motor Vehicle Compensation Law Employer Liability Act 1935</li> <li>3. Industrial safety Factories Act Environmental destruction Bhopal —Shriram gas leak</li> <li>4. Occupational Health and Industrial Injuries Old age, sickness and disablement - Hazardous employment- Employers Liability - Medical Insurance - Public Liability Insurance Act 1991</li> <li>5. Social Security Five year plan National Commission on Labour PF, Pension and Gratuity Mining worker Social Security for Unorganized Labour —Employee stock option — workers cooperatives.</li> </ol>
Paper – IV	Law relating to Service Regulation	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Service Law- Recruitment Procedure- Rules Agencies —Employment Exchange</li> <li>2. Conditions of Service terms Central Civil Service Rules State Civil Service Rules Pay Commission Fixation of pay and other allowances- Law Relating to Civil Servants/Rules 'Doctrine of pleasure'</li> <li>3. Contractual Employment concept Security of tenure —Employment Act { UK }</li> <li>4. Misconduct and discipline of the employees major and minor misconduct File noting Confidentiality of Adverse remarks Internal appeal mechanism Inquiry procedure punishment Managerial prerogative transfer, long leave —Standing order</li> <li>5. Judicial Review Central Administrative Tribunal State Administrative tribunal- Powers and Functions Appeal Provision —Writs</li> </ol>
Paper – V	Dissertation	Each student is required to write a dissertation on any topic from his area of specialization duly approved by the University

SPECIALIZATION CRIMINAL LAW (GROUP - B)		
Semester – 3		
PAPER NO.	SUBJECT NAME	CONTENTS OF SYLLABUS
Paper – I	Crime and Administration of Criminal Justice	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Crime - Causes of Crime - Concept of Criminal Jurisprudence</li> <li>2. Administration of Criminal Justice: Organizational hierarchy of criminal courts: Jurisdiction- prosecution: Police: FIR: charge sheet: withdrawal of criminal prosecution</li> <li>3. Arrest - interrogation - rights of accused - right to counsel - right to bail - Witness protection -hostile witness - Perjury.</li> <li>4. Trial Procedure - Accusatory system and the inquisitorial system - pre-trial procedure - law of evidence - Narco analysis - evidentiary value of statements / article seized - admissibility and inadmissibility of evidence - expert evidence - directions for criminal prosecution [PIL]</li> <li>5. Plea bargaining - preventive detention law - protection of public peace/order - special enactment -TADA/POTA -Essential Services Act.</li> </ol>
Paper – II	Penology and Treatment of Offenders	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Definition of Penology – historical and contemporary approaches to penology.</li> <li>2. Theories of punishment - Retribution - Utilitarian prevention: Deterrence - Utilitarian: Intimidation Behavioral prevention: Incapacitation -Behavioral prevention: Rehabilitation - Classical Hindu and Islamic approaches to punishment.</li> <li>3. Approaches to sentencing - Probation - parole - corrective labor - fines - bail, bond - collective fines - reparation by the offender/by the court.</li> <li>4. Juvenile Delinquency - factors - response - JJ Act 2000 - JJ Board - Welfare Boards - Constitutional aspects - Neglected and Delinquent, care and protection.</li> <li>5. Sentencing @ types of sentences in IPC and special laws @ sentencing for habitual offender, white collar crime - Pre - sentence hearing - summary punishment - Capital punishment [Constitutionality, Judicial attitude and law reform]</li> <li>6. Victmology and Compensation - state of Jail reform - Classification of prisoners – Rights of prisoners - open prison.</li> </ol>
Semester – 4		
PAPER NO.	SUBJECT NAME	CONTENTS OF SYLLABUS
Paper – III	Privileged Class Deviance	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Privileged Class Deviance, meaning, nature and pressures - Typical forms of deviance Official Deviance [ deviance by legislators, judges, bureaucrats], Professional deviance: journalists, teachers, doctors, lawyers, engineers, architects and publishers - Conceptions of white collar crimes - Hi-tech crime - Cyber Crime - Economic Crime - Politics and Crime</li> <li>2. Official Deviance: Conception - permissible limit of discretionary powers - Principles of Natural Justice Commission reports [Chagla Commission on LIC-Mundhra Affair, The Das Commission Report on Pratap Singh Kairon, The Grover Commission Report on Dev Raj Urs, Maruti Commission Report, The Ibakkar - Natarajan Commission Report on Fairfax]</li> <li>3. Police Deviance @ Structures of legal restraint on Police powers in India- Unconstitutionality of 'third degree' method and use of fatal force by police - Encounter killings - Police atrocities - Custodial violence the plea of superior orders - rape and related forms of gender based aggression - National Police Commission - Reforms</li> <li>4. Professional Deviance - Unethical practices at the Bar - Medical Malpractice - 'yellow journalism' - the Lentin Commission Report.</li> <li>5. Response of Indian Legal Order to the Deviance of Privileged Classes - Vigilance Commission - Right to Information - Public Accounts Commission - Ombudsman - Commission of Enquiry - Prevention of Corruption Act - Information Technology Act.</li> </ol>
Paper – IV	Law relating to Organized Crime	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Conception - reasons for Organized Crimes - Crime Cartels - Mumbai Underworld Cartels - International Cartels - State sponsored Crimes - International Crime syndicate</li> <li>2. Drug Addiction @ trafficking @ narcotics substances - National and International Approaches to Drug Abuse - IPC provisions - Narcotic Substances Act 1985</li> <li>3. Prostitution @ Causes and concerns - International responses Prevention of Immoral Activities Act - IPC - Cyber prostitution - Internationalization of flesh trade</li> <li>4. Collective Violence - Naxal problems - causes and concerns- tribal rebellion - Dalit struggle - Atrocities - Telangana struggle</li> <li>5. Violence against Women - Domestic violence - Workplace violence - male dominated atrocities</li> <li>6. Communal violence in India, background, reasons, solutions, problems in the Legal system-role of police and operation of criminal justice system - Godhra - finding of various commission reports</li> <li>7. Politically Organized Crimes - During the Cold War Period - LTTE raise to political outfit - Terrorism - challenges</li> </ol>
Paper – V	Dissertation	Each student is required to write a dissertation on any topic from his area of specialization duly approved by the University

SPECIALIZATION HUMAN RIGHTS (GROUP - C)		
Semester – 3		
PAPER NO.	SUBJECT NAME	CONTENTS OF SYLLABUS
Paper – I	Human Rights	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Human Rights Concept, Nature, Origin and Development, Importance</li> <li>2. International movements for protection of Human Rights @ U. N. and Regional Organizations - European Commission and Courts on Human Rights.</li> <li>3. U. N. Declaration on Human Rights - Civil and Political Rights and Social and Economic Rights -International Instruments.</li> <li>4. Violence against women in Public and Private Life as human rights issue.</li> <li>5. International regime of enforcement of human rights - Machinery and procedure</li> </ol>
Paper – II	Human Rights and Indian Legal System	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Human Rights and the Indian Constitution - Part III and Part IV of the Constitution</li> <li>2. Human Rights of disadvantaged groups of people like women, children, minorities etc., and the Indian statute law, in historical perspective.</li> <li>3. Human Rights and Enforcement Agencies like the Police and Excise - Prevention of abuse of rights.</li> <li>4. Human Rights and the Judiciary</li> <li>5. Human Rights and preventive laws like TADA and NDPs and POTA Act</li> <li>6. The binding force of international conventions under the constitution and the approach of the Supreme Court of India.</li> </ol>
Semester – 4		
PAPER NO.	SUBJECT NAME	CONTENTS OF SYLLABUS
Paper – III	International Refugee Law and Humanitarian Law	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Definition, origin and historical development of refugee law</li> <li>2. Limitation and methods of use of force - International Instruments and institution on refugee law</li> <li>3. Humanitarian law in internal armed conflict and international armed conflicts - Conventions and customary law - Geneva Conventions 1949.</li> <li>4. Application and implementation of humanitarian law and refugee law - Internationally displaced persons</li> <li>5. Incorporation of international norms in domestic laws and practice - Indian Military Law - Training of armed personnel - International Committee of Red Cross Society.</li> </ol>
Paper – IV	Science technology and Human Rights	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Scientific and Technological Researches - Impact on ethics, morality and Human Rights</li> <li>2. Development vis-à-vis Human Rights - Conflicts, Confrontation and resolution.</li> <li>3. Freedom of information, Freedom for Scientific Research, Controls and Constraints</li> <li>4. Intellectual Property Rights @ International Dimensions, Protection of economic and social rights of indigenous people.</li> <li>5. Role of judiciary in the dialogue among science, Technology, Human Rights and law</li> <li>6. Limitations on the right to information under Information Technology Laws @ The approach of the judiciary</li> </ol>
Paper – V	Dissertation	Each student is required to write a dissertation on any topic from his area of specialization duly approved by the University

SPECIALIZATION INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS (GROUP - D)		
Semester – 3		
PAPER NO.	SUBJECT NAME	CONTENTS OF SYLLABUS
Paper – I	Intellectual Property Rights – I	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. International Copyright Protection               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Berne Convention for the Protection of Literacy and Artistic Works 1886 and its amendments</li> <li>b. Rome Convention for the Protection Procedures of Phonograms and Broadcasting Organizations 1961</li> <li>c. Geneva Convention for the Protection of producers of Phonograms against Unauthorized Duplication of their Phonograms, 1971</li> <li>d. Brussels Convention relating to the Distribution of Programme - carrying signals transmitted by Satellites, 1974</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. International Protection of Industrial Property Rights               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, 1883</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. International Agencies and intellectual Property               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)</li> <li>b. United Nations Educational, Scientific and cultural organization</li> <li>c. United Nations Conference on Trade and Development</li> </ol> </li> <li>4. WIPO Copyright Treaty (20 December 1996) WIPO Performances and Phonograms Treaty (20 December 1996)</li> <li>5. Convention on Biological Diversity</li> <li>6. European Patent Convention, 1973</li> </ol>
Paper – II	Intellectual Property Rights – II	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The Indian Copyright Act, 1957               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Rights of authors</li> <li>b. Ownership in Copyright</li> <li>c. Rights conferred under copyrights</li> <li>d. Rights of Broadcasting organizations and of Performers</li> <li>e. Assignment</li> <li>f. Infringement of copyright</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Trade Marks - The Trade and Merchandise Marks Act, 1958               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Trade Marks Registry and Register of Trade Marks</li> <li>b. Property in a Trade Mark and Registration and Registration of Trade Marks</li> <li>c. Deceptive Similarity</li> <li>d. Assignment and transmission</li> <li>e. Licensing of Trade Marks and Registered users</li> <li>f. Rectification of Register</li> <li>g. Infringement, Threat and Trade Label</li> <li>h. Good Will</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Passing off</li> <li>j. Offences and Penalties</li> <li>3. Industrial Designs Act, 2001               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Nature of Industrial Designs</li> <li>b. Subject matter of Industrial Designs</li> <li>c. Rights conferred by Designs</li> <li>d. Term of Designs</li> <li>e. Remedies for infringements</li> </ol> </li> <li>4. Information Technology Act, 2001 Salient features</li> </ol>
Semester – 4		
PAPER NO.	SUBJECT NAME	CONTENTS OF SYLLABUS
Paper – III	Intellectual Property Rights – III	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The International Trade Organization and the events leading to the creation of GATT, 1947</li> <li>2. The GATT, its working and salient features</li> <li>3. Negotiating history of the WTO, the Dunkel Draft and the Agreement stabilizing the WTO, 1994</li> <li>4. Agreement on Agriculture               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Agreement on Textile and clothing</li> <li>b. Agreement on import licensing Procedure</li> <li>c. The Agreement on Safeguards</li> <li>d. General Agreement on Trade in Services</li> </ol> </li> <li>5. The Agreement on Trade related aspects of intellectual Property Rights - General Provisions and Basic Principles - Objectives and principles</li> <li>6. Protection of Specific Intellectual Property Rights under TRIPS               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Copyrights and related Rights'</li> <li>b. Trademarks</li> <li>c. Geographical indications, protection plant varieties</li> <li>d. Industrial designs</li> <li>e. Patents</li> <li>f. Layout Designs</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
Paper – IV	Intellectual Property Rights – IV	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Intellectual Property Rights - Concepts, Definitions and Institutions.</li> <li>2. Protection of intellectual Property in India the Patents Act, 1970 and the Patents (Amendment) Act, 1999               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The meaning of Patent</li> <li>b. How to obtain a patent</li> <li>c. Specification</li> <li>d. Opposition to Grant of Patent</li> <li>e. Register of Patents and Patent Office</li> <li>f. Rights and obligations of a patentee</li> <li>g. Transfer of Patent Rights</li> <li>h. Compulsory Licenses and Licenses of Right</li> <li>i. Revocation and surrender of patents</li> <li>j. Infringement of Patents and penalties</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. Bio-Diversity Act - 1999               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Objectives of the legislation</li> <li>b. Principles of Bio-diversity</li> <li>c. Protection of Bio-diversity as Sovereign Rights</li> <li>d. Mechanism of Monitoring bio-diversity</li> <li>e. Remedies for infringement</li> </ol> </li> <li>4. Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmers Rights Act, 2001               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Objective of the legislation</li> <li>b. Conceptualization of Plant varieties, breeding, culture, farmers rights etc.</li> <li>c. Period of protection</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
Paper – V	Dissertation	Each student is required to write a dissertation on any topic from his area of specialization duly approved by the University